

**K:1** How many blocks?  
[Student tells how many.]

[Teacher slowly rearranges.]  
If you count the blocks, how many do you think there will be?

**K:2** There are 4 on the floor  
and 6 on the bed.  
How many are there?

**K:3** Say the counting numbers. Also say the missing numbers.

9    10    11    \_\_\_\_\_    14

55    56    57    58    59    \_\_\_\_\_

**K:4** Are both of the bears correct?  
[Student uses manipulatives to answer.]

"There are 3 squares."

"These two triangles can be put together to make a new triangle."

**K:5** [Teacher puts 3 red counters on table.]  
Put some blue counters here to make 10 counters in all. [Student completes this task.]  
How many counters did you add?  
[Student determines the answer.]  
Write the missing number:  $3 + \underline{\quad} = 10$

**K:6** Are there more shells or more sea stars ?

**K:7** Hazel told a story. Write or say two numbers that will make Hazel's story true.

I have 10 pennies in my hands.

I have \_\_\_\_\_ pennies in my left hand.

I have \_\_\_\_\_ pennies in my right hand.

What other numbers will also make Hazel's story true?

**K:8** [Teacher holds out 5 paper clips.]  
**How many do I have?**  
[Student counts the paper clips.]  
[Teacher puts both hands behind back, then brings out 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, or 5 paper clips in one hand.]  
**How many are in this hand?**  
[Student counts the paper clips.]  
**How many are in my other hand?**

**K:9**                      6    5

Point to the greater number. [Student points.] Tell me how you decided.

**K:10** 5 dogs were playing.  
Then 3 more dogs came.  
How many dogs are here now?

**K:11** 9 birds were in a tree.  
5 birds flew away.  
How many birds are there now?

**K:12** Draw 16 circles. Use a [favorite color] marker for 10 of them. Use a pencil for the rest. [Student draws.]  
How many are [favorite color]? How many are in pencil?  
Write the missing number:  $16 = 10 + \underline{\quad}$

**K:13** Write or say the missing numbers.

$3 + 1 = \underline{\quad}$                        $2 + 3 = \underline{\quad}$

$5 + 0 = \underline{\quad}$                        $2 - 2 = \underline{\quad}$

$4 - 3 = \underline{\quad}$                        $5 - 3 = \underline{\quad}$

**K:14** Are there more land animals or more sea animals?

elephant	clownfish	gorilla
dolphin	mantis	snake
seahorse	octopus	shark

# Math Milestones™ Task List — Kindergarten



Math Milestones™ was created by Jason Zimba, John W. Staley, Elizabeth Meier, Sandra Alberti, Harold Asturias, and Phil Daro.

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The 14 Math Milestones™ tasks for kindergarten have been carefully crafted to embody kindergarten mathematics on one page.











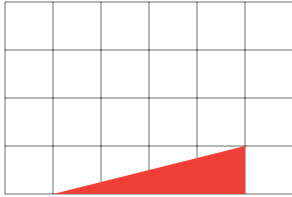





<b>K:1</b> How Many Blocks?	☞	C P	K.CC.B.4
<b>K:2</b> Two Groups of Books		C A	K.OA.A.2
<b>K:3</b> Say the Numbers (Teens, Decades)		P	K.CC.A.1, 2
<b>K:4</b> Bears Talk About Shapes	☞	C	K.G.A.2, K.G.B.4,6
<b>K:5</b> Adding to Make a Group of Ten	☞	C	K.OA.A.4
<b>K:6</b> More Shells or More Stars?		C P	K.CC.B.5
<b>K:7</b> Ten Pennies, Two Hands	☞	C P	K.OA.A.3, 4
<b>K:8</b> Five Behind the Back	☞	C	K.OA.A
<b>K:9</b> Compare 6 and 5		C P	K.CC.B.4c, K.CC.C.7
<b>K:10</b> Hello, Dogs		C A	K.OA.A.2
<b>K:11</b> Bye-Bye, Birds		C A	K.OA.A.2
<b>K:12</b> Make Ten and Some More		C	K.NBT.A.1
<b>K:13</b> Fluency within Five		P	K.OA.A.5
<b>K:14</b> Animals from Land and Sea	☞	A	K.MD.B.3

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## Standards for Mathematical Practice


<b>MP.1</b> Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.	K:5–8, K:12
<b>MP.2</b> Reason abstractly and quantitatively.	K:1, K:5, K:8, K:9, K:12
<b>MP.3</b> Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of others.	K:9
<b>MP.4</b> Model with mathematics.	K:2, K:7, K:10, K:11, K:14
<b>MP.5</b> Use appropriate tools strategically.	K:4, K:5
<b>MP.6</b> Attend to precision.	K:3, K:6, K:13
<b>MP.7</b> Look for and make use of structure.	K:5, K:12
<b>MP.8</b> Express regularity in repeated reasoning.	K:3, K:7


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<p>1:1</p>  <p>10 lions were at the water hole. 4 lions joined them. Then 3 more lions joined. How many lions were at the water hole after that?</p>	<p>1:5</p> <p>Tyler has 6 more grapes than Zoey. Zoey has 8 grapes. How many grapes does Tyler have?</p> <p>Equation model: _____</p> <p>Answer: Tyler has _____ grapes.</p>	<p>1:11</p> <p>Write the missing numbers. Tell how you got the answers.</p> $8 + 5 = \underline{\quad\quad}$ $8 - \underline{\quad\quad} = 2$ $13 - 4 = \underline{\quad\quad}$ $\underline{\quad\quad} - 5 = 4$ $7 + 4 = 10 + \underline{\quad\quad}$ $6 + \underline{\quad\quad} = 12$						
<p>1:2</p> <p>True or false?</p> <p>6 tens + 4 ones &lt; 4 ones + 7 tens</p> <p>7 ones + 5 tens = _____</p>	<p>1:6</p>  <p>I have 24 straws in a jar. I have 30 straws in a bag. How many straws do I have?</p>	<p>1:12</p> <p>Grace tried to blow out 15 candles on her birthday cake. Grace blew out 9 candles. How many candles are still lit?</p> <p>Equation model: _____</p> <p>Answer: _____ candles are still lit.</p>						
<p>1:3</p> <p>Using a paper clip as a unit of length, draw a straight line 7 units long.</p> 	<p>1:7</p> <p>If the class works hard, our teacher will put a marble in a jar. We will have a party when there are 10 marbles in the jar. Today there are 6 marbles in the jar. How many marbles do we need for a party?</p>	<p>1:13</p>  <p>When I fell asleep last night, there were 8 icicles outside my window. When I woke up this morning, there were 3 icicles. How many icicles fell while I slept?</p>						
<p>1:4</p> <p>Our class watched the weather for 21 days. On a chart, we marked each day as one of three kinds: sunny, cloudy, or rainy.</p> <table border="1"> <tr> <td>Sunny </td> <td>Cloudy </td> <td>Rainy </td> </tr> <tr> <td>    </td> <td>     </td> <td>     </td> </tr> </table> <p>(1) Count all the tally marks. Does your answer make sense?</p> <p>(2) How many days were not rainy?</p> <p>(3) Now create your own question by circling one word. Use the data to answer your question.</p> <p>How many more <u>cloudy/rainy</u> days were there than sunny days?</p>	Sunny 	Cloudy 	Rainy 				<p>1:8</p> $90 - 40 = \underline{\quad\quad}$ $9 \text{ apples} - 4 \text{ apples} = \underline{\quad\quad} \text{ (number)} \text{ (unit)}$ $9 \text{ cups} - 4 \text{ cups} = \underline{\quad\quad} \text{ (number)} \text{ (unit)}$ $9 \text{ tens} - 4 \text{ tens} = \underline{\quad\quad} \text{ (number)} \text{ (unit)}$	<p>1:14</p> <p>One statement below is false. Find the false statement. How did you decide?</p> <p>[Student uses manipulatives]</p>  <p>A square can be created using triangles like this one.</p> <p>None of these are squares.</p>  <p>The shaded part of the circle is one fourth of the whole circle.</p> 
Sunny 	Cloudy 	Rainy 						
<p>1:9</p> <p>Write the missing numbers.</p> $4 + 5 = \underline{\quad\quad}$ $7 - 4 = \underline{\quad\quad}$ $10 - 8 = \underline{\quad\quad}$ $2 + 6 = \underline{\quad\quad}$ $4 + \underline{\quad\quad} = 10$ $7 + \underline{\quad\quad} = 10$	<p>1:10</p> <p>Write the sum.</p> $\begin{array}{r} 37 \\ + 46 \\ \hline \end{array}$							

# Math Milestones™ Task List — Grade 1

The 14 Math Milestones™ tasks for grade 1 have been carefully crafted to embody grade 1 mathematics on one page.

<b>1:1</b> Lions at the Watering Hole	C A	1.OA.A.2, 1.OA,
<b>1:2</b> Tens and Ones	C	1.NBT.B
<b>1:3</b> Paper Clip Length Units	C A	1.MD.A
<b>1:4</b> Analyzing Weather Data	A	1.MD.C.4
<b>1:5</b> Tyler's Grapes	C A	1.OA.A.1, 1.OA
<b>1:6</b> Two Groups of Straws	P A	1.NBT.C, 1.OA.A
<b>1:7</b> Class Marble Jar	C A	1.OA.A.1, 1.OA
<b>1:8</b> Subtracting Units	C	1.NBT.C.6
<b>1:9</b> Fluency within Ten	P	1.OA.C.6
<b>1:10</b> Two-Digit Addition	C P	1.NBT.C.4
<b>1:11</b> Using Properties and Relationships	C P	1.OA.B
<b>1:12</b> Blowing Out Candles	C A	1.OA.A.1, 1.OA
<b>1:13</b> Falling Icicles	C A	1.OA.A.1, 1.OA
<b>1:14</b> Shape True/False	 C	1.G.A

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## Standards for Mathematical Practice

<b>MP.1</b> Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.	1:2, 1:4–7, 1:11–14
<b>MP.2</b> Reason abstractly and quantitatively.	1:1, 1:3–5, 1:12
<b>MP.3</b> Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of others.	1:11, 1:14
<b>MP.4</b> Model with mathematics.	1:1, 1:4–7, 1:12, 1:13
<b>MP.5</b> Use appropriate tools strategically.	1:3, 1:14
<b>MP.6</b> Attend to precision.	1:2, 1:9–11
<b>MP.7</b> Look for and make use of structure.	1:2, 1:8, 1:10, 1:11, 1:14
<b>MP.8</b> Express regularity in repeated reasoning.	1:8

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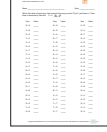



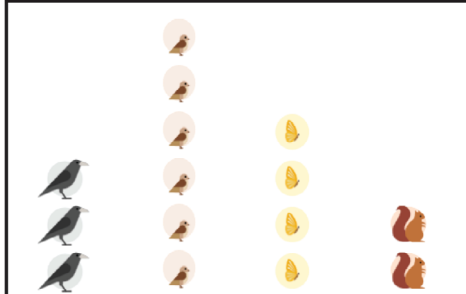
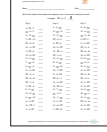
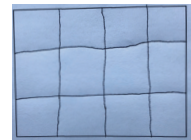


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<p>2:1 Avi made a paper chain. Then Avi added 29 more links to the paper chain. Now there are 52 links in the paper chain. How many links were in the paper chain before?</p> 	<p>2:5 Write the value of each sum. Use as much time as you need. If you "just knew it," then draw a check mark, like this: <math>2 + 2 = 4</math> ✓</p>  <p><a href="#">Click here for student handout 2:5</a></p>	<p>2:11 A grass snake is 28 inches long. A rat snake is 74 inches long. How much longer is the rat snake? Draw a diagram to illustrate your solution. Label the diagram with numbers.</p>																		
<p>2:2 (1) True or false? (a) 2 hundreds + 3 ones &gt; 5 tens + 9 ones (b) 9 tens + 2 hundreds + 4 ones &lt; 924 (c) 456 &lt; 5 hundreds</p> <p>(2) Write the number that makes each statement true. (a) 7 ones + 5 hundreds = _____ (b) 14 tens = _____ (c) <math>90 + 300 + 4 =</math> _____</p>	<p>2:6 A rope is 32 feet long. The rope is cut into two pieces. One piece is 3 feet long. How long is the other piece? Equation model: _____ Answer: _____ feet</p>	<p>2:12 At recess there was a jump-rope contest.</p>  <p>I won because I jumped 25 more times than Catherine.</p> <p>Leslie: I jumped 81 times.</p> <p>How many times did Catherine jump? Equation model: _____ Answer: Catherine jumped _____ times.</p>																		
<p>2:3 Write the sums and differences.</p> <table style="margin-left: 100px;"> <tr> <td></td> <td>36</td> <td>72</td> <td>64</td> <td>82</td> </tr> <tr> <td>+ 45</td> <td>- 17</td> <td>+ 27</td> <td>- 55</td> <td></td> </tr> </table>		36	72	64	82	+ 45	- 17	+ 27	- 55		<p>2:7 (1) Write the number that makes the statement true. 6 hundreds + 3 tens + 4 ones = 5 hundreds + _____ tens + 4 ones. (2) How do you know your statement is true? (3) Look for connections between your statement and this subtraction problem. What connections can you see?</p> <table style="margin-left: 500px;"> <tr> <td></td> <td>5 13</td> </tr> <tr> <td>634</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>- 482</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>152</td> <td></td> </tr> </table>		5 13	634		- 482		152		<p>2:13 Marlon and Malia went apple-picking.</p>  <p>I picked 12 apples.</p>  <p>You picked 13 fewer apples than I did.</p> <p>How many apples did Malia pick? Equation model: _____ Answer: Malia picked _____ apples.</p>
	36	72	64	82																
+ 45	- 17	+ 27	- 55																	
	5 13																			
634																				
- 482																				
152																				
<p>2:4 Faith went to the park. The picture graph shows all of the animals Faith saw.</p> <table style="margin-left: 50px;"> <tr> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>1 crow</td> <td>1 sparrow</td> <td>1 butterfly</td> <td>1 squirrel</td> </tr> </table> 					1 crow	1 sparrow	1 butterfly	1 squirrel	<p>2:8 Write the number that makes each equation true. Use as much time as you need.</p>  <p><a href="#">Click here for student handout 2:8</a></p>	<p>2:14 Zariah got one answer wrong.</p> <p>(1) Which answer did Zariah get wrong? (2) Correct Zariah's wrong answer.</p> <p>(a) Show how the rectangle can be divided into 15 squares.</p>  <p>(b) <u>2</u> halves make one whole.</p> <p>(c) Draw a triangle. All three sides of your triangle must have different lengths.</p> 										
1 crow	1 sparrow	1 butterfly	1 squirrel																	
<p>Faith said, "I saw fewer butterflies than birds." How many fewer butterflies did Faith see?</p>	<p>2:9 A farmer said, "Last night some deer came and ate 16 of my cabbages. Now I only have 38 cabbages." How many cabbages were there before the deer came? Equation model: _____ Answer: There were _____ cabbages.</p> 																			
<p>2:10 Check the subtraction by adding. <math>946 - 678 = 268</math></p>																				



# Math Milestones™ Task List — Grade 2

The 14 Math Milestones™ tasks for grade 2 have been carefully crafted to embody grade 2 mathematics on one page.

<b>2:1</b> Paper Chain	C A P	2.OA.A.1, 2.NBT.B.5
<b>2:2</b> Place Value to Hundreds	C	2.NBT.A
<b>2:3</b> Fluency within 100 (Add/Subtract)	P	2.NBT.B.5
<b>2:4</b> Animals in the Park	A	2.MD.D.10
<b>2:5</b> Sums of Single-Digit Numbers	P	2.OA.B.2
<b>2:6</b> Cutting a Rope	C A	2.MD.B.5, 2.MD.B
<b>2:7</b> Subtraction Regrouping	C P	2.NBT.B.7, 2.NBT.B
<b>2:8</b> Fluency within the Addition Table	P	2.OA.B.2
<b>2:9</b> Disappearing Cabbages	C A P	2.OA.A.1, 2.NBT.B.5
<b>2:10</b> Three-Digit Addition/Subtraction	C P	2.NBT.B.7
<b>2:11</b> Grass Snake vs. Rat Snake	C A P	2.MD.B, 2.NBT.B.5
<b>2:12</b> Jump-Rope Contest	C A P	2.OA.A.1, 2.NBT.B.5
<b>2:13</b> Apple-Picking	C A	2.OA.A.1
<b>2:14</b> Correcting a Shape Answer	C	2.G.A

C = Task has a conceptual focus.

P = Task has a procedural skill & fluency focus.

A = Task has an application focus.

## Standards for Mathematical Practice

<b>MP.1</b> Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.	2:1, 2:2, 2:5–9, 2:11–14
<b>MP.2</b> Reason abstractly and quantitatively.	2:6, 2:7, 2:11–13
<b>MP.3</b> Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of others.	2:7, 2:14
<b>MP.4</b> Model with mathematics.	2:1, 2:4, 2:6, 2:9, 2:11–13
<b>MP.5</b> Use appropriate tools strategically.	2:14
<b>MP.6</b> Attend to precision.	2:2–5, 2:7, 2:8, 2:10
<b>MP.7</b> Look for and make use of structure.	2:2, 2:3, 2:7, 2:10, 2:14
<b>MP.8</b> Express regularity in repeated reasoning.	2:2

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