| 2:1 |
| :--- |
| Avi made a paper chain. Then Avi |
| added 29 more links to the paper |
| chain. Now there are 52 links |
| in the paper chain. How many links |
| were in the paper chain before? |

2:2 (1) True or false?
(a) 2 hundreds +3 ones $>5$ tens +9 ones
(b) 9 tens +2 hundreds +4 ones $<924$
(c) $456<5$ hundreds
(2) Write the number that makes each statement true.
(a) 7 ones +5 hundreds = $\qquad$
(b) 14 tens $=$ $\qquad$
(c) $90+300+4=$ $\qquad$

| 2:3 | Write the sums and differences. | $\begin{array}{r} 36 \\ +45 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 72 \\ -17 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 64 \\ +27 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 82 \\ -55 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

2:4 Faith went to the park. The picture graph shows all of the animals Faith saw.


Faith said, "I saw fewer butterflies than birds." How many fewer butterflies did Faith see?

2:5 Write the value of each sum. Use as much time as you need. If you "just knew it," then draw a check mark, like this: $2+24 \sqrt{4}$ student handout 2:5

2:6 A rope is 32 feet long. The rope is cut into two pieces. One piece is 3 feet long. How long is the other piece?
Equation model:
Answer: $\qquad$ feet

2:7 (1) Write the number that makes the statement true.
6 hundreds +3 tens +4 ones
= 5 hundreds + $\qquad$ tens +4 ones.
(2) How do you know your statement is true?
(3) Look for connections between your statement and this $\begin{array}{r}513 \\ 634 \\ -482 \\ \hline 152\end{array}$

2:8 Write the number that makes each equation true. Use as much time as you need.


2:9 A farmer said, "Last night some deer came and ate 16 of my cabbages. Now I only have 38 cabbages." How many cabbages were there before the deer came?
Equation model: $\qquad$
Answer: There were $\qquad$ cabbages.

2:10 Check the subtraction by adding. $946-678=268$

2:11 A grass snake is 28 inches long. A rat snake is 74 inches long. How much longer is the rat snake?
Draw a diagram to illustrate your solution. Label the diagram with numbers.

2:12 At recess there was a jump-rope contest.


How many times did Catherine jump?
Equation model: $\qquad$
Answer: Catherine jumped $\qquad$ times.

2:13 Marlon and Malia went apple-picking.


How many apples did Malia pick?
Equation model: $\qquad$
Answer: Malia picked $\qquad$ apples.

2:14 Zariah got one answer wrong.
(1) Which answer did Zariah get wrong?
(2) Correct Zariah's wrong answer.
(a) Show how the rectangle can be divided into 15 squares.

(b) 2 halves make one whole.
(c) Draw a triangle. All three sides of your triangle must have different lengths.

## Math Milestones ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ Task List - Grade 2

## The 14 Math Milestones ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ tasks for grade 2 have been carefully crafted to embody grade 2 mathematics on one page.

| 2:1 | Paper Chain |
| :--- | :--- |
| 2:2 | Place Value to Hundreds |
| 2:3 | Fluency within 100 (Add/Subtract) |
| 2:4 | Animals in the Park |
| 2:5 | Sums of Single-Digit Numbers |
| 2:6 | Cutting a Rope |
| 2:7 | Subtraction Regrouping |
| 2:8 | Fluency within the Addition Table |
| 2:9 | Disappearing Cabbages |
| 2:10 | Three-Digit Addition/Subtraction |
| 2:11 | Grass Snake vs. Rat Snake |
| 2:12 | Jump-Rope Contest |
| 2:13 | Apple-Picking |
| 2:14 | Correcting a Shape Answer |

C = Task has a conceptual focus
$\mathrm{P}=$ Task has a procedural skill \& fluency focus.
A = Task has an application focus.

## Standards for Mathematical Practice

| MP. 1 Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them. | $2: 1,2: 2,2: 5-9,2: 11-14$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| MP. 2 Reason abstractly and quantitatively. | $2: 6,2: 7,2: 11-13$ |
| MP. 3 Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of others. | $2: 7,2: 14$ |
| MP. 4 Model with mathematics. | $2: 1,2: 4,2: 6,2: 9,2: 11-13$ |
| MP. 5 Use appropriate tools strategically. | $2: 14$ |
| MP. 6 Attend to precision. | $2: 2-5,2: 7,2: 8,2: 10$ |
| MP. 7 Look for and make use of structure. | $2: 2,2: 3,2: 7,2: 10,2: 14$ |
| MP. 8 Express regularity in repeated reasoning. | $2: 2$ |

MP. 8 Express regularity in repeated reasoning.
Standards codes refer to www.corestandards.org. One purpose of the codes is that they may allow a task to shed light on the Standards cited for that task. Conversely, reading the cited Standards may suggest opportunities to extend a task or draw out its implications. Finally, Standards codes may also assist with locating relevant sections in curriculum materials, including materials aligned to comparable standards.

Math Milestones ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ was created by Jason Zimba, John W. Staley, Elizabeth Meier, Sandra Alberti, Harold Asturias, and Phil Daro.

Math Milestones ${ }^{T M}$ tasks are not designed for summative assessment. Used formatively, the tasks can reveal and promote student thinking Student work on tasks could be collected in student portfolios.
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